

Louisiana Highway Safety Improvement Program 2014 Annual Report

Prepared by: LA

Disclaimer

Protection of Data from Discovery & Admission into Evidence

23 U.S.C. 148(h)(4) states "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or data compiled or collected for any purpose relating to this section [HSIP], shall not be subject to discovery or admitted into evidence in a Federal or State court proceeding or considered for other purposes in any action for damages arising from any occurrence at a location identified or addressed in the reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or other data."

23 U.S.C. 409 states "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or data compiled or collected for the purpose of identifying, evaluating, or planning the safety enhancement of potential accident sites, hazardous roadway conditions, or railway-highway crossings, pursuant to sections 130, 144, and 148 of this title or for the purpose of developing any highway safety construction improvement project which may be implemented utilizing Federal-aid highway funds shall not be subject to discovery or admitted into evidence in a Federal or State court proceeding or considered for other purposes in any action for damages arising from any occurrence at a location mentioned or addressed in such reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or data."

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Executive Summary

Louisiana has set an aggressive target for reducing death and injury on the roadways -Destination Zero Deaths. Great progress has been made since the development and implementation of the 2006 Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) and its subsequent update in 2011. Since 2007, traffic fatalities have dropped from 993 to as low as 677 in 2011 and serious injuries have been reduced from 16,629 in 2005 and 13,453 in 2013. Even though Louisiana saw an increase in fatalities in 2012, we are still on track to achieve our interim target of reducing fatalities in half by the year 2030. Louisiana had another decrease in fatalities in 2013 at 703. Thorough data analysis led to identification of four emphasis areas: impaired driving, occupant protection, infrastructure and operations, and crashes involving young drivers. As part of the SHSP, The Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD) has been moving forward with safety improvements in roadway infrastructure as well as providing funds to assist our partners from the Highway Safety Commission with their work on unbelted fatalities and serious injuries. Some of Louisiana's accomplishments include: roadway departure and intersection improvements, a focused approach working with Louisiana State Police (LSP) to use crash data to identify locations for DWI enforcement and increase seatbelt checkpoints, initiatives with Louisiana Highway Safety Commission (LHSC) to increase overtime enforcement for occupant protection, and No Refusal Weekends Programs.

The Louisiana two-tiered approach to lowering fatalities and serious injuries is accomplished in part by developing and continually implementing the federally required SHSP. To implement the SHSP, LADOTD and its safety partners are also assisting six regional safety coalitions in the southern portion of the state in developing regional safety action plans (New Orleans, Northshore, Houma, Lafayette/Acadiana regions, Capital region and Northeast region.) During the plan development process, the regional safety coalitions meet to assess the contributing crash factors on the state and local roads in the region, select emphasis areas, and identify strategies and action steps to mitigate these issues.

The benefits of this regional approach to safety planning include:

The strategies and actions in the SHSP are being implemented at the regional level.
 Broader implementation ensures better opportunities to reduce fatalities and serious injuries.

- DOTD is in a better position to understand and potentially fund regional safety priorities.
- The regional teams have new opportunities to receive funding for the critical safety needs in a region.
- The regional teams have better access to and a better understanding of crash data. They also are better connected to safety stakeholders and partnerships.

Regional coalition safety projects are required to support an SHSP emphasis area or regional safety coalition emphasis area, provide data driven evidence of a safety problem and involve implementation of proven safety countermeasures. Projects submitted through a regional safety coalition receive higher priority.

The Communications Coordinating Council (CCC) was established in 2014. The CCC supports traffic safety marketing and communication programs and activities, particularly as it relates to the SHSP and the implementation of strategies that will broaden safety awareness throughout Louisiana. The council held its first meeting in February 2014.

The Council will capitalize on the resources of public information officers (PIOs) from a wide range of agencies and organizations, all of which have a direct interest in improving traffic safety and reducing the terrible toll caused by traffic-related crashes, deaths, and injuries. The CCC is working to:

- Support current traffic safety marketing campaigns, i.e., Click It or Ticket, Over the Limit,
 Under Arrest, etc;
- Ensure message consistency during traffic safety marketing campaign periods;
- Provide ideas for new traffic safety marketing programs, activities, and campaigns; and
- Provide support for SHSP statewide and regional activities.

Introduction

The Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) is a core Federal-aid program with the purpose of achieving a significant reduction in fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads. As per 23 U.S.C. 148(h) and 23 CFR 924.15, States are required to report annually on the progress being made to advance HSIP implementation and evaluation efforts. The format of this report is consistent with the HSIP MAP-21 Reporting Guidance dated February 13, 2013 and consists of four sections: program structure, progress in implementing HSIP projects, progress in achieving safety performance targets, and assessment of the effectiveness of the improvements.

Program Structure

Program Administration How are Highway Safety Improvement Program funds allocated in a State?	
⊠Central Central	
☐ District	
☐ Other	

Describe how local roads are addressed as part of Highway Safety Improvement Program.

The Local Road Safety Program (LRSP) is allocated approximately \$3-5 million per year. Eligible projects include those for roadways and transportation systems owned and operated by parish and municipal road agencies. Specific funds are available for selected local safety data-driven projects and additional funding sources or resources may be available depending on the type of project. The Local Technical Assistance Program (LTAP) administers the LRSP in cooperation with the LADOTD. LTAP coordinates activities and resources in conjunction with the LADOTD to facilitate annual project submittals, review and scoring, and recommendation of qualifying project applications for the Local Road Safety Improvement Projects.

LADOTD has implemented on a three-year program to collect roadway data on the local road system. This program will collect roadway characteristic data on all public roads. This will enhance DOTD and LTAP's capability to work with the local agencies, share data, and collaborate on infrastructure improvements.

The Louisiana Local Roads Safety Program was featured in the FHWA Assessment of Local Road Safety Funding, Training and Technical Assessment Report (http://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/local_rural/training/fhwasa13029/lclrdsfy.pdf) published in August 2013. The DOTD/Louisiana LTAP partnership and coordination with the SHSP and regional team implementation process was highlighted as a noteworthy local roads safety practice. The Louisiana LTAP plays a key role in the regional safety coalitions by providing local data, data analysis, technical assistance and funding for improvements identified through Road Safety Audits (RSAs).

Identify which internal partners are involved with Highway Safety Improvement Program planning.	
⊠Design	
Planning	
Maintenance	
Governors Highway Safety Office	
Other:	

Briefly describe coordination with internal partners.

LADOTD Highway Safety Improvement Projects are selected for implementation through a data driven competitive process. LADOTD utilizes a Stage 0 planning process for identifying potential highway safety improvement projects. Stage 0 determines the feasibility of a project along with the scope and budget. The Stage 0 for proposed safety projects for inclusion in the HSIP is prepared by the LADOTD District Office, Road Design Section, Highway Safety Section, Consultant, MPO or the Transportation Planning Section. The Stage 0 report is reviewed for completeness and approved by the Highway Safety Section before being submitted to the Project selection Team for inclusion in the Department's Highway Program.

Identify which external partners are involved with Highway Safety Improvement Program planning.
Metropolitan Planning Organizations
⊠Governors Highway Safety Office
∑Local Government Association
Other: Other-FHWA and State Police
Identify any program administration practices used to implement the HSIP that have changed since the last reporting period.
Multi-disciplinary HSIP steering committee
☑Other: Other-None

Describe any other aspects of Highway Safety Improvement Program Administration on which you would like to elaborate.

Projects that are identified through the HSIP have the overall goal of reducing the number and severity of crashes and decreasing the potential for crashes on all public roads.

The LADOTD performs HSIP components of planning, implementation, and evaluation to accomplish requirements of the program. These components involve the following: data-driven identification of crash locations, development and implementation of an annual program of projects and report annually to the FHWA on progress and effectiveness. FHWA is involved in all three components, both formally and through informal technical assistance.

Program Methodology

Select the programs that are administered under the HSIP.

Median Barrier	✓Intersection	Safe Corridor
Horizontal Curve	Bicycle Safety	Rural State Highways
Skid Hazard	Crash Data	Red Light Running Prevention
⊠Roadway Departure	Low-Cost Spot Improvements	Sign Replacement And Improvement
∑ Local Safety	Pedestrian Safety	Right Angle Crash
Left Turn Crash	Shoulder Improvement	Segments
Other:		
Program:	Intersection	
Program: Date of Program Methodology:	Intersection 1/1/2009	
	1/1/2009	
Date of Program Methodology:	1/1/2009	Roadway
Date of Program Methodology: What data types were used in the	1/1/2009 e program methodology?	Roadway Median width
Date of Program Methodology: What data types were used in the Crashes	1/1/2009 e program methodology? Exposure	<u> </u>
Date of Program Methodology: What data types were used in the Crashes All crashes	1/1/2009 e program methodology? Exposure Traffic	Median width
Date of Program Methodology: What data types were used in the Crashes □ All crashes □ Fatal crashes only □ Fatal and serious injury	1/1/2009 e program methodology? Exposure Traffic Volume	Median width Horizontal curvature

Highway Safety Improvement Program

2014

Louisiana

What project identification methodology was used for this program?
Expected crash frequency with EB adjustment
Equivalent property damage only (EPDO Crash frequency)
EPDO crash frequency with EB adjustment
Relative severity index
Crash rate
Critical rate
Level of service of safety (LOSS)
Excess expected crash frequency using SPFs
Excess expected crash frequency with the EB adjustment
Excess expected crash frequency using method of moments
Probability of specific crash types
Excess proportions of specific crash types
Other
Are local roads (non-state owned and operated) included or addressed in this program?
□Yes
⊠No
How are highway safety improvement projects advanced for implementation?
Competitive application process
Selection committee
Other

Select the processes used to prioritize projects for implementation. For the methods selected, indicate

the relative importance of each process in project prioritization. Enter either the weights or numerical rankings. If weights are entered, the sum must equal 100. If ranks are entered, indicate ties by giving both processes the same rank and skip the next highest rank (as an example: 1, 2, 2, 4).		
Relative Weight in Scoring		
Rank of Priority Consideration		
Ranking based on B/C		
	1	
☐Incremental B/C		
Ranking based on net ben	efit	
Cost Effectiveness	1	
Program:	Roadway Departure	
Date of Program Methodology:	10/1/2012	
What data types were used in the program methodology?		
Crashes	Exposure	Roadway
⊠All crashes	⊠Traffic	Median width
Fatal crashes only	⊠Volume	⊠Horizontal curvature
Fatal and serious injury crashes only	Population	Functional classification
Other	Lane miles	Roadside features
	Other	Other

What project identification methodology was used for this program?
Expected crash frequency with EB adjustment
Equivalent property damage only (EPDO Crash frequency)
EPDO crash frequency with EB adjustment
Relative severity index
Critical rate
Level of service of safety (LOSS)
Excess expected crash frequency using SPFs
Excess expected crash frequency with the EB adjustment
Excess expected crash frequency using method of moments
Probability of specific crash types
Excess proportions of specific crash types
Other
Are local roads (non-state owned and operated) included or addressed in this program?
Yes
⊠No
How are highway safety improvement projects advanced for implementation?
Competitive application process
Selection committee
Other

Select the processes used to prioritize projects for implementation. For the methods selected, indicate

rankings. If weights are entered, the sum must equal 100. If ranks are entered, indicate ties by giving both processes the same rank and skip the next highest rank (as an example: 1, 2, 2, 4).		
Relative Weight in Scoring		
Rank of Priority Consideration		
Ranking based on B/C Available funding Incremental B/C Ranking based on net ber Cost Effectiveness	1 nefit 1	
Program:	Local Safety	
Date of Program Methodology:	7/1/2008	
What data types were used in the	e program methodology?	
Crashes	Exposure	Roadway
	⊠Traffic	Median width
Fatal crashes only	⊠Volume	⊠Horizontal curvature
Fatal and serious injury crashes only	Population	Functional classification
Other	Lane miles	
	Other	Other

What project identification methodology was used for this program?
Expected crash frequency with EB adjustment
Equivalent property damage only (EPDO Crash frequency)
EPDO crash frequency with EB adjustment
Relative severity index
Critical rate
Level of service of safety (LOSS)
Excess expected crash frequency using SPFs
Excess expected crash frequency with the EB adjustment
Excess expected crash frequency using method of moments
Probability of specific crash types
Excess proportions of specific crash types
Other
Are local roads (non-state owned and operated) included or addressed in this program?
⊠Yes
□No
If yes, are local road projects identified using the same methodology as state roads?
⊠Yes
□No
How are highway safety improvement projects advanced for implementation?
Competitive application process

Highway safety improvment program funds are used to address which of the following systemic improvments?

Cable Median Barriers	
Traffic Control Device Rehabilitation	Pavement/Shoulder Widening
☑Install/Improve Signing	☑Install/Improve Pavement Marking and/or Delineation

☑Upgrade Guard Rails ☑Safety Edge ☑Add/Upgrade/Modify/Remove Traffic Signal	☐ Clear Zone Improvements ☐ Install/Improve Lighting ☐ Other
What process is used to identify potential countermo	easures?
⊠ Engineering Study	
⊠Road Safety Assessment	
□Other:	
Identify any program methodology practices used to last reporting period.	implement the HSIP that have changed since the
⊠Highway Safety Manual	
⊠Road Safety audits	
Systemic Approach	
Other:	

Highway Safety Improvement Program

2014

Louisiana

Describe any other aspects of the Highway Safety Improvement Program methodology on which you would like to elaborate.

NA

Progress in Implementing Projects

Funds Programmed

Reporting period for Highway Safety Improvement Program funding.	
Calendar Year	
State Fiscal Year	
Federal Fiscal Year	

Enter the programmed and obligated funding for each applicable funding category.

Funding Category	Programmed*		Obligated					
	39697000	58 %	29042180					
HRRRP (SAFETEA-LU)	579482.21	1 %	673741	1 %				
Penalty Transfer - Section 154	12715500	19 %	22760033	30 %				
	12715500	19 %	22760033					
Incentive Grants - Section 163								
Other Federal-aid Funds (i.e. STP, NHPP)	2830000	4 %	1155318	2 %				

Totals	68537482.21	100%	76391305	100%

How much funding is	programmed to local	(non-state owned and	maintained) safetv	projects?

\$5,000,000.00

How much funding is obligated to local safety projects?

\$1,767,809.00

How much funding is programmed to non-infrastructure safety projects?

\$6,000,000.00

How much funding is obligated to non-infrastructure safety projects?

\$9,953,395.00

How much funding was transferred in to the HSIP from other core program areas during the reporting period?

\$0.00

How much funding was transferred out of the HSIP to other core program areas during the reporting period?

\$0.00

Discuss impediments to obligating Highway Safety Improvement Program funds and plans to overcome this in the future.

Safety projects are generally smaller and do not necessarily receive priority throughout the project development process. To resolve this, LADOTD has issued retainer contracts to have a consultant provide Stage 1-Stage 5 services to ensure that the projects remain on schedule.

Describe any other aspects of the general Highway Safety Improvement Program implementation progress on which you would like to elaborate.

NA

General Listing of Projects

List each highway safety improvement project obligated during the reporting period.

Project	Improvement Category	Outpu t	HSIP Cost	Total Cost	Fundi ng Categ	Function al Classifica	AA DT	Spe ed	Roadw ay Owners	Relationshi SHSP	ip to
					ory	tion			hip	Emphasis Area	Strate gy
H.000482.6 US 190: LA 443 - ST. TAMMANY LINE	Roadway Pavement surface - high friction surface	1 Numb ers	108258 6.36	108258 6.36	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64		0	0		Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.000482.6 US 190: LA 443 - ST. TAMMANY LINE	Roadway Rumble strips - edge or shoulder	1 Numb ers	882785 9.6	882785 9.6	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64		0	0		Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.001156.3 LA 3 ACCELERATION	Interchange design Acceleration / deceleration / merge	1 Numb	187482. 6	208314	HSIP		0	0		Intersecti ons	Page 3-12

H.009120 BOSSIER CITY INTER SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS	Intersection traffic control Intersection signing - miscellaneous/other/u nspecified	1 Numb ers	17000	17000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Intersecti ons	Page 3-12
H.009169 RUSTON INTERSECTION SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS	Intersection traffic control Intersection signing - miscellaneous/other/u nspecified	1 Numb ers	55000	55000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Intersecti ons	Page 3-12
H.009170 THIBODAUX INTERSECTION SAFETY IMPRVOEMEN	Intersection traffic control Intersection signing - miscellaneous/other/u nspecified	1 Numb ers	92692.1 5	92692.1	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Intersecti	Page 3-12
H.009171 PLAQUEMINE INTERSECTION	Intersection traffic control Intersection signing -	1 Numb ers	30000	30000	Penalt y Transf	0	0	Intersecti ons	Page 3-12

SAFETY IMPROVE	miscellaneous/other/u nspecified				er - Sectio n 154/1 64				
H.009174 NATCHITOCHES INTERSECTION SAFETY IMPROVE	Intersection traffic control Intersection signing - miscellaneous/other/u nspecified	1 Numb ers	23000	23000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Intersecti	Page 3-12
H.009175 CHALMETTE INTERSECTION SAFETY IMPROVE	Intersection traffic control Intersection signing - miscellaneous/other/u nspecified	1 Numb ers	30000	30000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Intersecti ons	Page 3-12
H.009429 VARIOUS ROADS:SIGNING (ASCENSION)	Roadway signs and traffic control Roadway signs (including post) - new or updated	1 Numb ers	24000	24000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12

H.009432 VARIOUS ROADS: SIGNING (AVOYELLES)	Roadway signs and traffic control Roadway signs (including post) - new or updated	1 Numb ers	33000	33000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.009443 VARIOUS ROADS:SIGNING (OUACHITA)	Roadway signs and traffic control Roadway signs (including post) - new or updated	1 Numb ers	5500	5500	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.009449 VARIOUS ROADS:SIGNING (RAPIDES)	Roadway signs and traffic control Roadway signs (including post) - new or updated	1 Numb ers	95000	95000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12

H.009458 VARIOUS ROADS:SIGNING (ST. MARTIN)	Roadway signs and traffic control Roadway signs (including post) - new or updated	1 Numb ers	33000	33000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.009464 VARIOUS ROADS:SIGNING (VERNON)	Roadway signs and traffic control Roadway signs (including post) - new or updated	1 Numb ers	60000	60000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.009539.6 I-49: NORTH OF LA 181 - NORTH OF LA 498	Roadside Barrier- metal	1 Numb ers	431068 4.32	892419 1.99	HSIP	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.009760 SIGN REPLACEMENT & UPGRADE	Roadway signs and traffic control Roadway signs (including post) - new or updated	1 Numb ers	41937.2	41937.2	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12

					64				
H.009942.6 LA 10: FRANKLINTON- BOGALUSA SAFETY IMPR	Intersection geometry Auxiliary lanes - add right-turn lane	1 Numb ers	9276.16	9276.16	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Intersecti	Page 3-12
H.009942.6 LA 10: FRANKLINTON- BOGALUSA SAFETY IMPR	Intersection geometry Auxiliary lanes - add right-turn lane	1 Numb ers	589422 2.16	654913 5.73	HSIP	0	0	Intersecti ons	Page 3-12
H.009942.6 LA 10: FRANKLINTON- BOGALUSA SAFETY IMPR	Roadway Rumble strips - edge or shoulder	1 Numb ers	238540 6.67	238540 6.67	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.009942.6 LA 10: FRANKLINTON- BOGALUSA SAFETY IMPR	Roadway Rumble strips - edge or shoulder	1 Numb ers	- 253204 1.91	- 281337 9.9	HSIP	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010026.5 LA	Roadway Roadway	1	27917.4	31019.3	HSIP	0	0	Roadway	Page

431: REALIGN CURVE, C/L RUMBLE STRIPS	widening - curve	Numb ers	2	6				Departur e	3- 11/12
H.010113.6 EINSTEIN CHARTER SCHOOL SRTS NON- INFRAST	Pedestrians and bicyclists Crosswalk	1 Numb ers	58000	58000	SRTS NON	0	0	Pedestria ns	NA
H.010139 DIST. 04: GUARD RAIL UPGRADE	Roadside Barrier- metal	1 Numb ers	972920	972920	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010178.2 LA 120: CURVE REALIGNMENT	Roadway Roadway widening - curve	1 Numb ers	60411.0 6	67123.4	HSIP	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010182.6 LA 42 WIDENING: CLEAR, GRUB & UTILITY	Roadway Roadway widening - travel lanes	1 Numb ers	323372 9.68	866309 3.72	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12

BLVD									
H.010492.6 I-49: 0.36 MI N LA 8 - NATCHITOCHES P/L	Roadside Barrier- metal	1 Numb ers	295429. 75	295429. 75	HSIP	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010492.6 I-49: 0.36 MI N LA 8 - NATCHITOCHES P/L	Roadside Barrier- metal	1 Numb ers	- 8228.94	- 8228.94	HSIP	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010604 VIDALIA SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS	Roadway signs and traffic control Roadway signs (including post) - new or updated	1 Numb ers	65000	65000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010675 DIST. 04: I-20 MEDIAN CABLE BARRIER	Roadside Barrier - cable	1 Numb ers	462822 3.8	462822 3.8	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010684.6 I-20:	Roadside Barrier - cable	1	464420	464420	Penalt	0	0	Roadway	Page

RUMBLE STRIPS	traffic control Roadway signs (including post) - new or updated	Numb ers	85	85	y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64			Departur e	3- 11/12
H.010745 LA 1: GUARD RAIL AT SIMMESPORT BR	Roadside Barrier- metal	1 Numb ers	82879.5	82879.5	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010818 LA 1: CURVE IN LAROSE	Roadway signs and traffic control Curve- related warning signs and flashers	1 Numb ers	24237.5	24237.5	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010846 ROADWAY DEPARTURE SAFETY	Roadside Roadside - other	1 Numb ers	15000	15000	Penalt y Transf er -	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12

IMPROVEMENTS					Sectio n 154/1 64				
H.010880 DIST. 02: CABLE REPLACEMENT PARTS	Roadside Barrier - cable	1 Numb ers	107858. 5	107858. 5	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010886.6 LA 546: I-20 TO LA 34	Roadway Pavement surface - high friction surface	1 Numb ers	198265 7.3	198265 7.3	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010886.6 LA 546: I-20 TO LA 34	Roadway Pavement surface - high friction surface	1 Numb ers	- 178439 1.57	- 198265 7.3	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12

					64				
H.010886.6 LA 546: I-20 TO LA 34	Roadway Pavement surface - high friction surface	1 Numb ers	219258. 81	219258. 81	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3-11/12
H.010886.6 LA 546: I-20 TO LA 34	Roadway Pavement surface - high friction surface	1 Numb ers	178439 1.57	198265 7.3	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.010904 LRSP TECH ASSISTANCE ENGR	Non-infrastructure Non-infrastructure - other	1 Numb ers	0	0		0	0	Non infrastruc ture	NA
H.010908 LA 75: RESTRIPING AND SIGNS	Roadway delineation Longitudinal pavement markings - remarking	1 Numb ers	49990.9 9	49990.9 9	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12

					64				
H.010965 ROADWAY DEPARTURE SIGNING	Roadway signs and traffic control Curve- related warning signs and flashers	1 Numb ers	13000	13000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.011012.5 BICYCLE GOALS MAP	Pedestrians and bicyclists Miscellaneous pedestrians and bicyclists	1 Numb ers	135876	135876	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Pedestria ns	NA
H.011079 DISTRICT 03: LED REPLACEMENT	Intersection traffic control Modify traffic signal - modernization/replace ment	1 Numb ers	29999.9	29999.9	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Intersecti	Page 3-12
H.011080 DISTRICT 03:	Intersection traffic control Modify traffic	1 Numb	511282	511282	Penalt y	0	0	Intersecti	Page

SIGNAL HEAD REPLACEMENT	signal - add backplates	ers			Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64			ons	3-12
H.011083 DISTRICT 62 SPEED MONITORING	Speed management - other	1 Numb ers	37000	37000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Non infrastruc ture	NA
H.011168 I9000 BREATH TESTING INSTRUMENTS	Non-infrastructure Non-infrastructure - other	1 Numb ers	198013 8	198013 8	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Non infrastruc ture	NA
H.011178 BREATH ALCOHOL TESTING MOBILE UNIT	Non-infrastructure Non-infrastructure - other	1 Numb ers	390250	390250	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio	0	0	Non infrastruc ture	NA

					n 154/1 64				
H.011185 24TH JDC DWI TREATMENT COURT	Non-infrastructure Non-infrastructure - other	1 Numb ers	394200	394200	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Non infrastruc ture	NA
H.011215 ER RPL RPMS - EBR,WBR,ST.MAR TIN,IBR PAR	Roadway delineation Raised pavement markers	Numb ers	58147	58147	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Roadway Departur e	Page 3- 11/12
H.972039.1 WORK PROG PT 1 & 2 @ 100% 7/1/13-6/30/14	Non-infrastructure Transportation safety planning	1 Numb ers	100000	100000	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Non infrastruc ture	NA

H.972039.1 WORK PROG PT 1 & 2 @ 100% 7/1/13-6/30/14	Non-infrastructure Transportation safety planning	1 Numb ers	321612	321612	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Non infrastruc ture	NA
H.972040.1 SECTION 33 LTAP 7/1/13-6/30/14	Non-infrastructure Transportation safety planning	1 Numb ers	292187	292187	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1 64	0	0	Non infrastruc ture	NA
H.972084.1 2014 HSIP NON- INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT	Non-infrastructure Enforcement	1 Numb ers	240103 0.8	266781	HSIP	0	0	Enforcem ent	Page 3-7/8
H.972111.1 N SHORE/NEW ORLEANS REG COALITION COORD	Non-infrastructure Non-infrastructure - other	1 Numb ers	279468. 52	279468. 52	Penalt y Transf er - Sectio n 154/1	0	0	Non infrastruc ture	NA

			64			

Progress in Achieving Safety Performance Targets

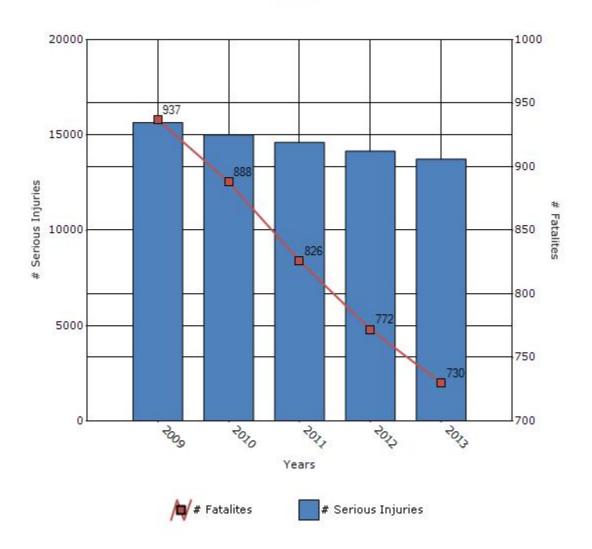
Overview of General Safety Trends

Present data showing the general highway safety trends in the state for the past five years.

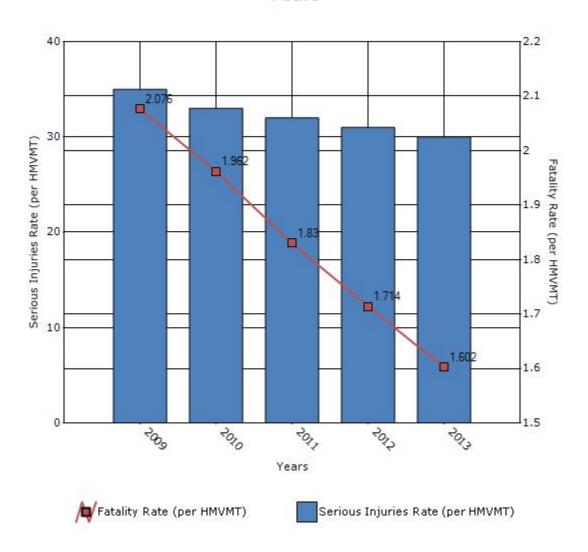
Performance Measures*	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Number of fatalities	937	888	826	772	730
Number of serious injuries	15653	15007	14610	14156	13738
Fatality rate (per HMVMT)	2.076	1.962	1.83	1.714	1.602
Serious injury rate (per HMVMT)	35	33	32	31	30

^{*}Performance measure data is presented using a five-year rolling average.

Number of Fatalities and Serious injuries for the Last Five Years



Rate of Fatalities and Serious injuries for the Last Five Years



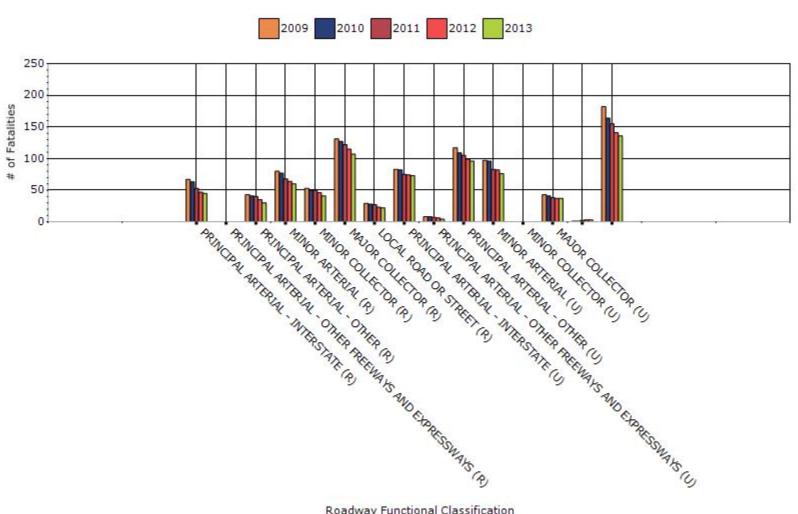
To the maximum extent possible, present performance measure* data by functional classification and ownership.

Year - 2013

Function Classification	Number of fatalities	Number of serious injuries	Fatality rate (per HMVMT)	Serious injury rate (per HMVMT)
RURAL PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL - INTERSTATE	45	260	0.81	4.74
RURAL PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL - OTHER FREEWAYS AND EXPRESSWAYS	0	0	0	0
RURAL PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL - OTHER	30	277	1.11	10.32
RURAL MINOR ARTERIAL	60	411	2.02	13.73
RURAL MINOR COLLECTOR	41	313	2.89	22.01
RURAL MAJOR COLLECTOR	107	775	2.54	18.39
RURAL LOCAL ROAD OR STREET	22	154	2.82	20.09
URBAN PRINCIPAL	73	1097	1	14.97

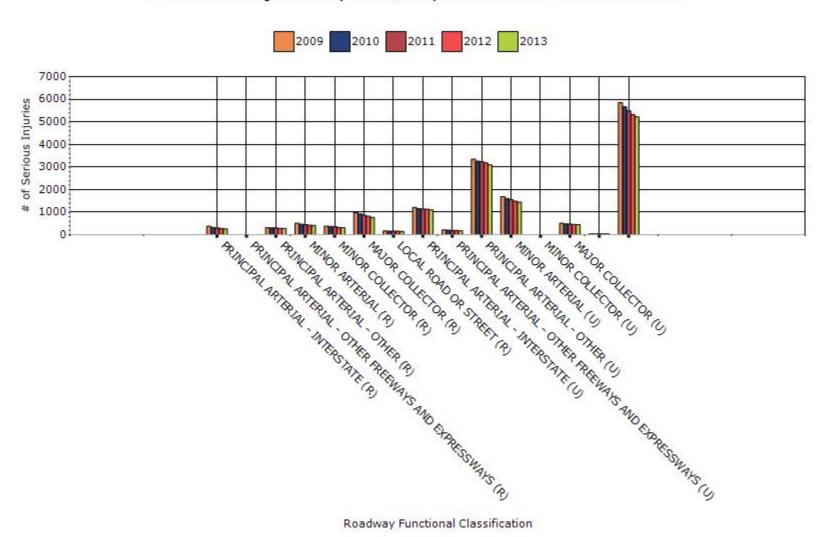
ARTERIAL - INTERSTATE				
URBAN PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL - OTHER FREEWAYS AND EXPRESSWAYS	4	179	0.48	20.56
URBAN PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL - OTHER	96	3092	1.38	44.4
URBAN MINOR ARTERIAL	76	1446	1.72	32.92
URBAN MINOR COLLECTOR	0	0	0	0
URBAN MAJOR COLLECTOR	37	448	2.73	33.42
URBAN LOCAL ROAD OR STREET	3	44	2.06	33.65
OTHER	136	5224	1.75	67.33

Fatalities by Roadway Functional Classification

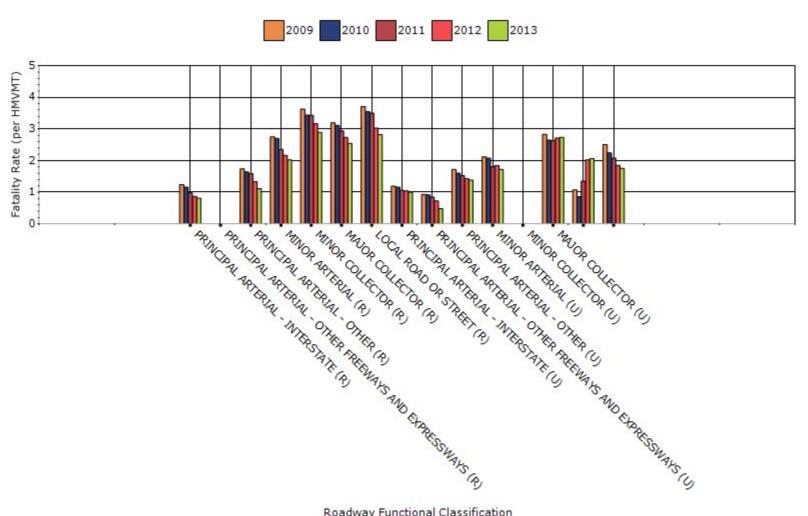


Roadway Functional Classification

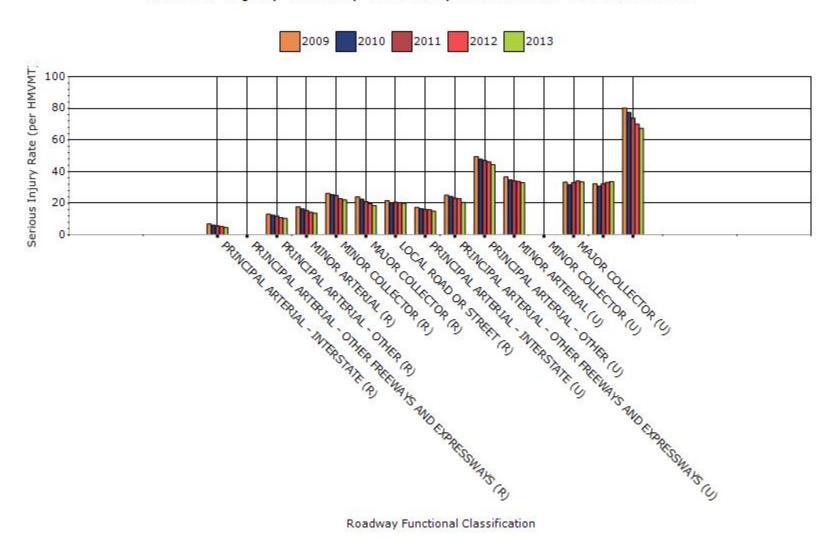
Serious Injuries by Roadway Functional Classification



Fatality Rate by Roadway Functional Classification



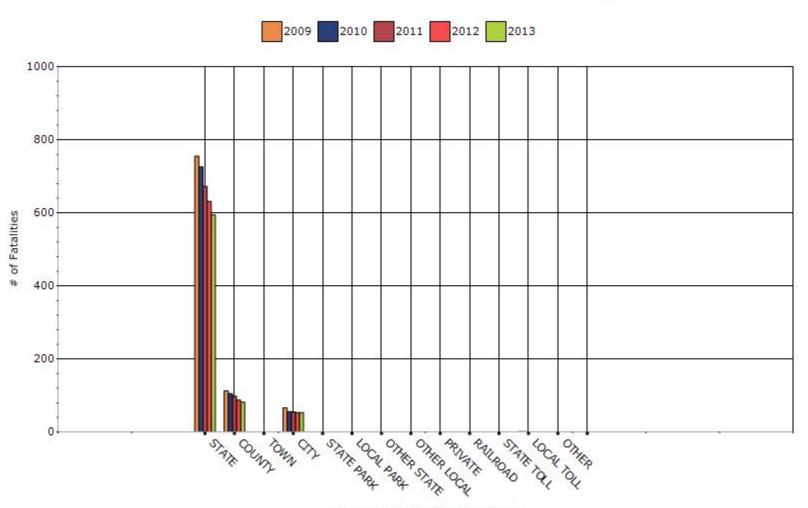
Serious Injury Rate by Roadway Functional Classification



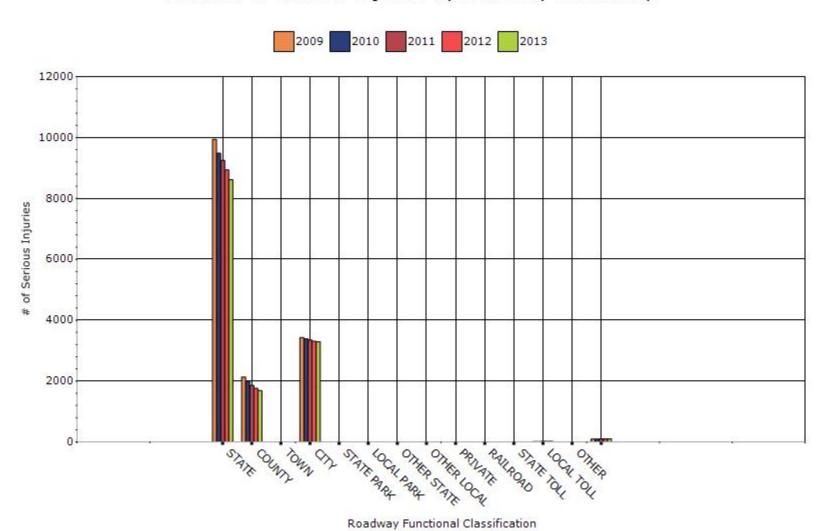
Year - 2013

Roadway Ownership	Number of fatalities	Number of serious injuries	Fatality rate (per HMVMT)	Serious injury rate (per HMVMT)
STATE HIGHWAY AGENCY	594	8615	1.53	22.29
COUNTY HIGHWAY AGENCY	82	1688	4.24	87.7
TOWN OR TOWNSHIP HIGHWAY AGENCY	0	0	0	0
CITY OF MUNICIPAL HIGHWAY AGENCY	53	3294	0.97	60.56
STATE PARK, FOREST, OR RESERVATION AGENCY	0	0	0	0
LOCAL PARK, FOREST OR RESERVATION AGENCY	0	0	0	0
OTHER STATE AGENCY	0	0	0	0
OTHER LOCAL AGENCY	0	0	0	0
PRIVATE (OTHER THAN RAILROAD)	0	0	0	0
RAILROAD	0	0	0	0
STATE TOLL AUTHORITY	0	0	0	0
LOCAL TOLL AUTHORITY	0	18	0.11	4.88
OTHER PUBLIC INSTRUMENTALITY (E.G. AIRPORT, SCHOOL, UNIVERSITY)	0	0	0	0
OTHER	0	105	0	0

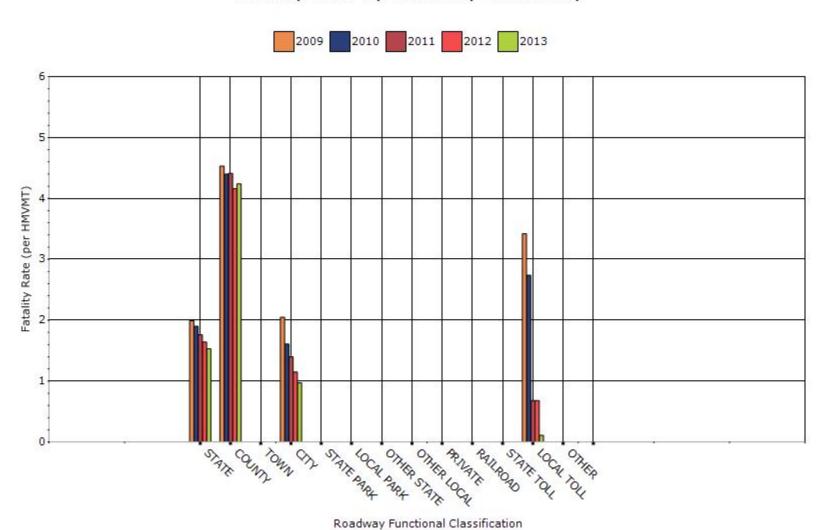
Number of Fatalities by Roadway Ownership



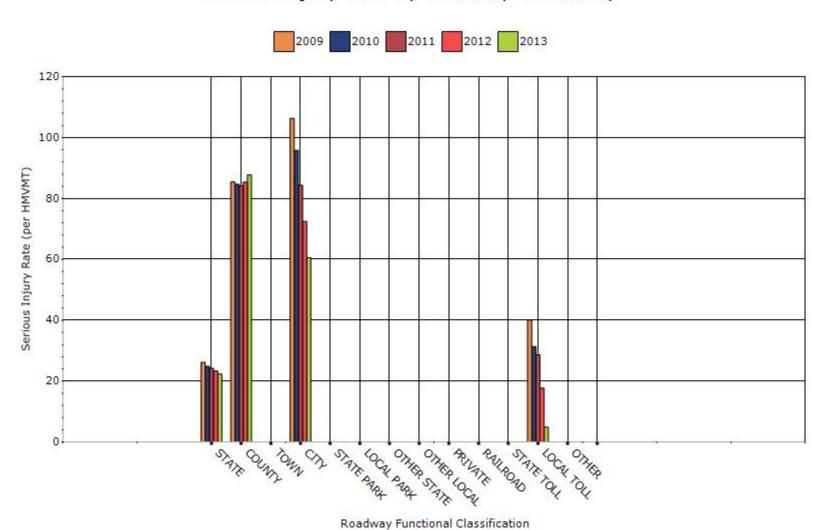
Number of Serious Injuries by Roadway Ownership



Fatality Rate by Roadway Ownership



Serious Injury Rate by Roadway Ownership



 $\mathsf{N}\mathsf{A}$

Describe any other aspects of the general highway safety trends on which you would like to elaborate.

Application of Special Rules

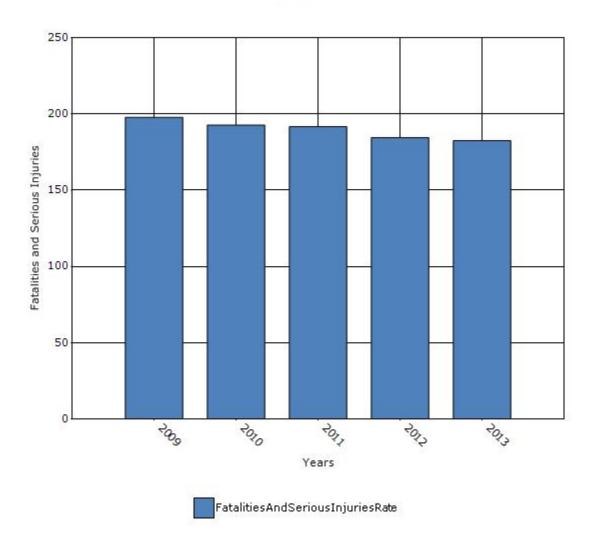
Present the rate of traffic fatalities and serious injuries per capita for drivers and pedestrians over the age of 65.

Older Driver Performance Measures	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Fatality rate (per capita)	16.87	15.56	15.22	14.87	14.34
Serious injury rate (per capita)	180.96	177.15	176.41	169.59	168.08
Fatality and serious injury rate (per capita)	197.82	192.71	191.63	184.45	182.42

^{*}Performance measure data is presented using a five-year rolling average.

Rates are based on 100,000 licensed drivers

Rate of Fatalities and Serious injuries for the Last Five Years



Does the older driver special rule apply to your state?

No

None

Assessment of the Effectiveness of the Improvements (Program **Evaluation)**

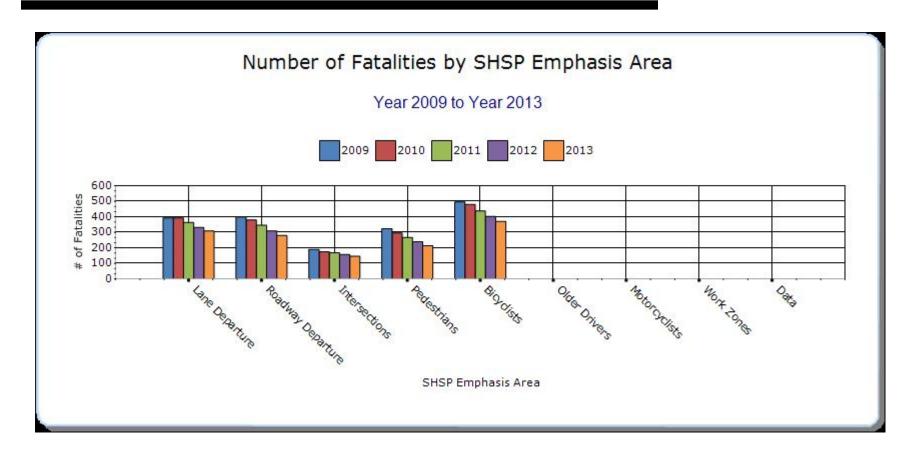
What indicators of success can you use to demonstrate effectiveness and success in the Highway Safety Improvement Program?
None
Benefit/cost
Policy change
Other: Other-La. experienced a decrease in fatalities in 2013. La. remains below our target of reducing fatalities in half by 2030.
What significant programmatic changes have occurred since the last reporting period?
Shift Focus to Fatalities and Serious Injuries
Include Local Roads in Highway Safety Improvement Program
Organizational Changes
⊠None
Other:
Briefly describe significant program changes that have occurred since the last reporting period

SHSP Emphasis Areas

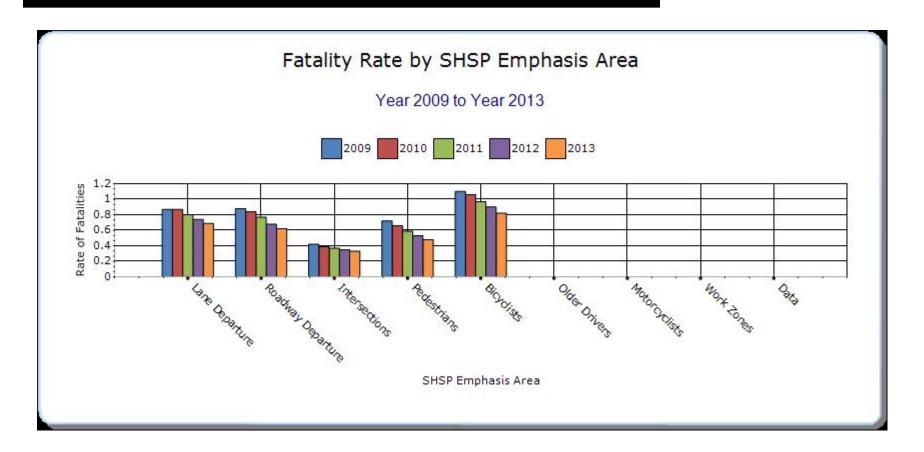
For each SHSP emphasis area that relates to the HSIP, present trends in emphasis area performance measures.

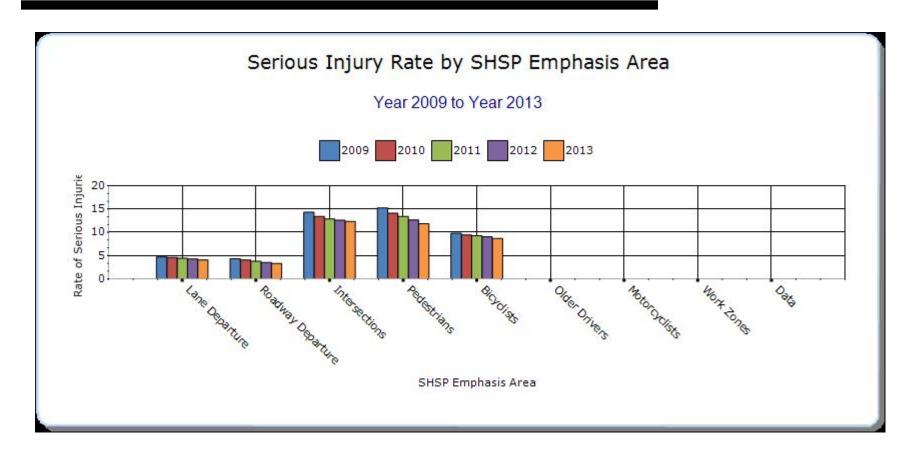
Year - 2013

HSIP-related SHSP Emphasis Areas	Target Crash Type	Number of fatalities	Number of serious injuries	Fatality rate (per HMVMT)	Serious injury rate (per HMVMT)	Other- 1	Other- 2	Other- 3
Impaired Driving	All	308.2	1841.6	0.69	4.08	0	0	0
Occupant Protection	All	279.4	1481.8	0.62	3.3	0	0	0
Infrastructure and Operations-Intersections	All	146.2	5555.6	0.33	12.35	0	0	0
Young Drivers	All	214.4	5336.4	0.48	11.86	0	0	0
Infrastructure and Operations-Roadway Departure	All	370.6	3909	0.82	8.69	0	0	0







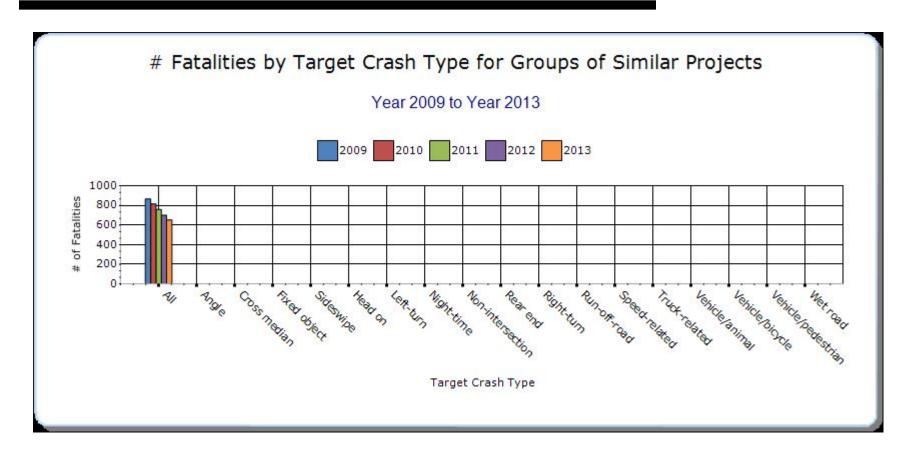


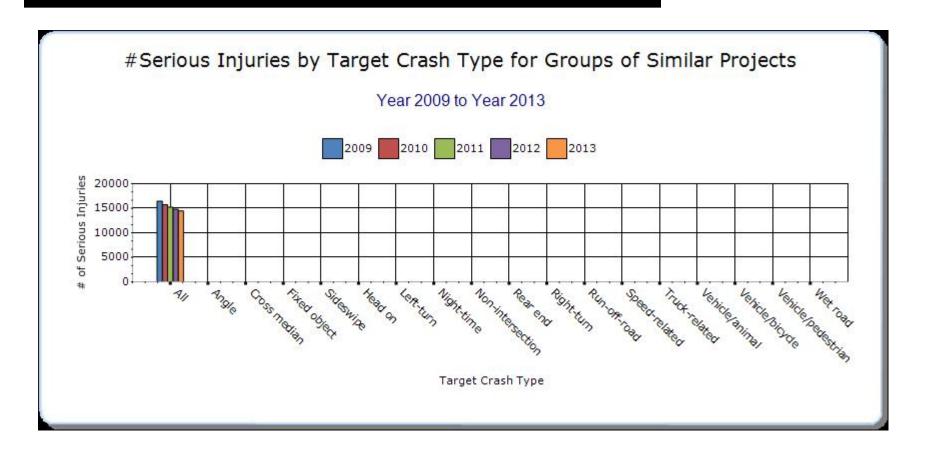
Groups of similar project types

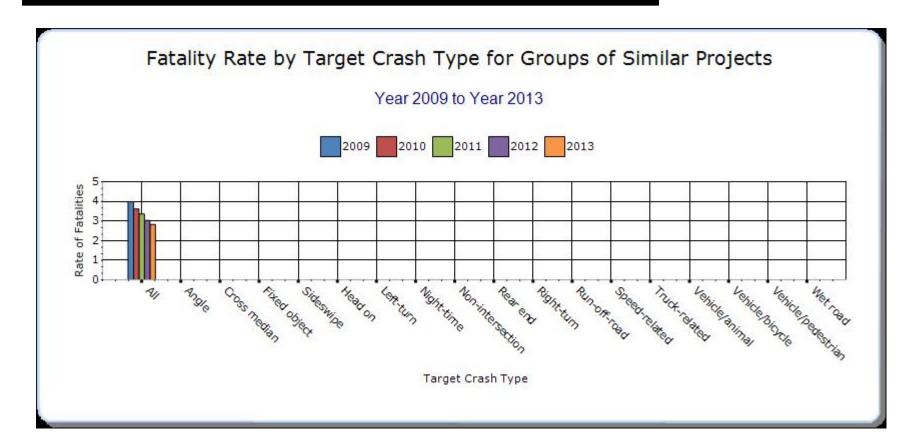
Present the overall effectiveness of groups of similar types of projects.

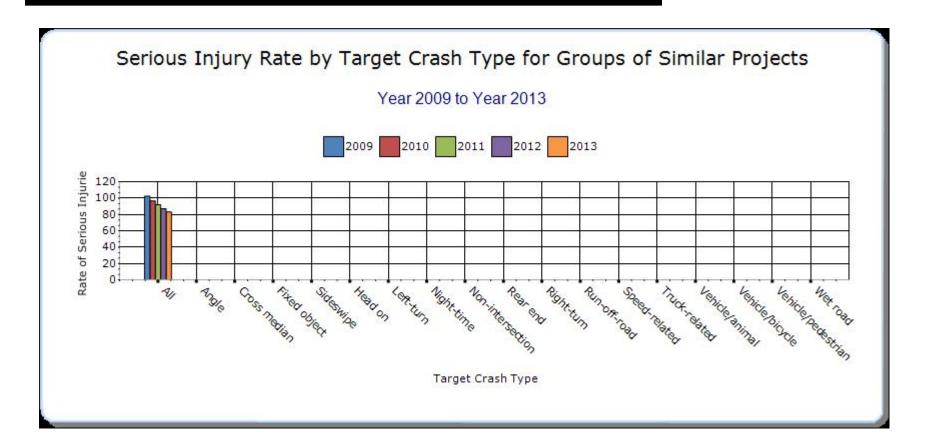
Year - 2013

HSIP Sub- program Types	Target Crash Type	Number of fatalities	Number of serious injuries	Fatality rate (per HMVMT)	Serious injury rate (per HMVMT)	Other- 1	Other- 2	Other-
Local Safety	All	135	5000	1.68	62.12	0	0	0
Intersection	All	146	5556	0.33	12.35	0	0	0
Roadway Departure	All	371	3909	0.82	8.69	0	0	0







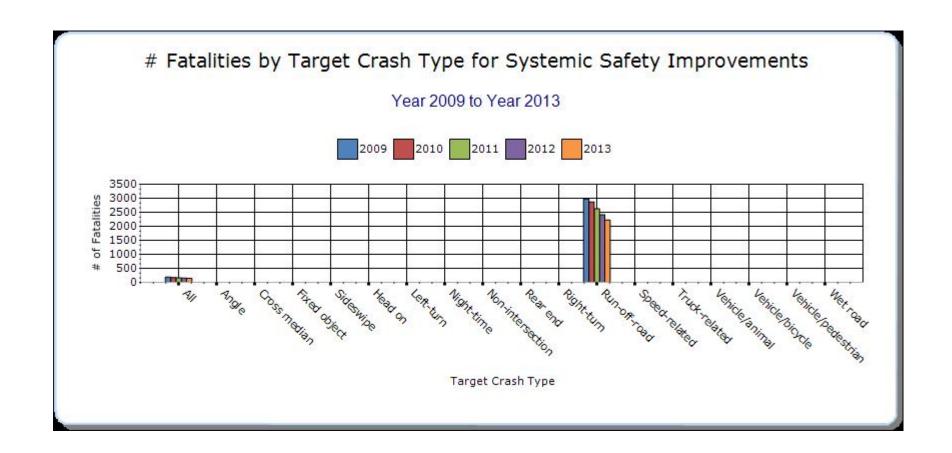


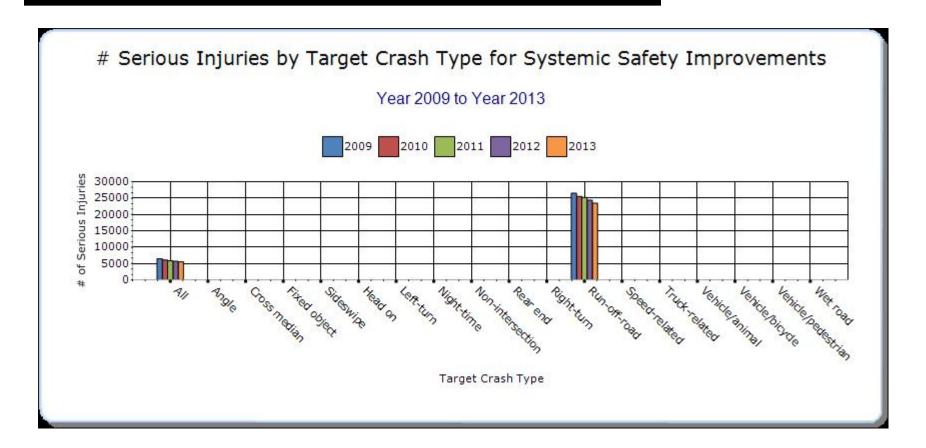
Systemic Treatments

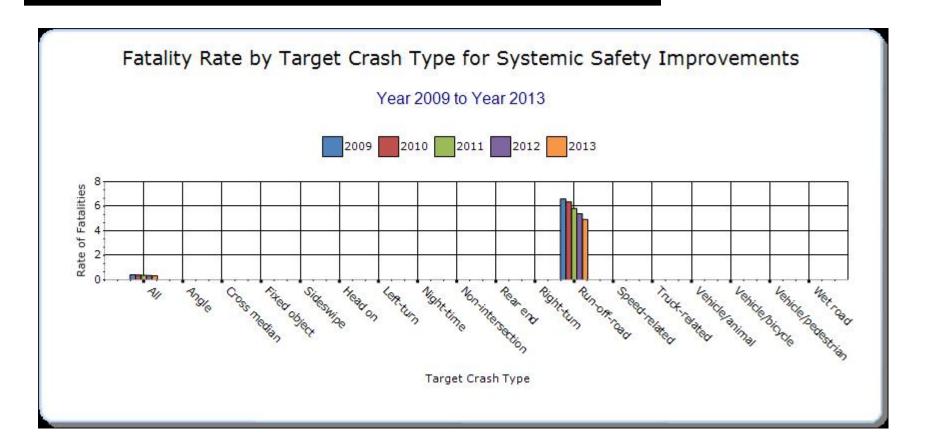
Present the overall effectiveness of systemic treatments.

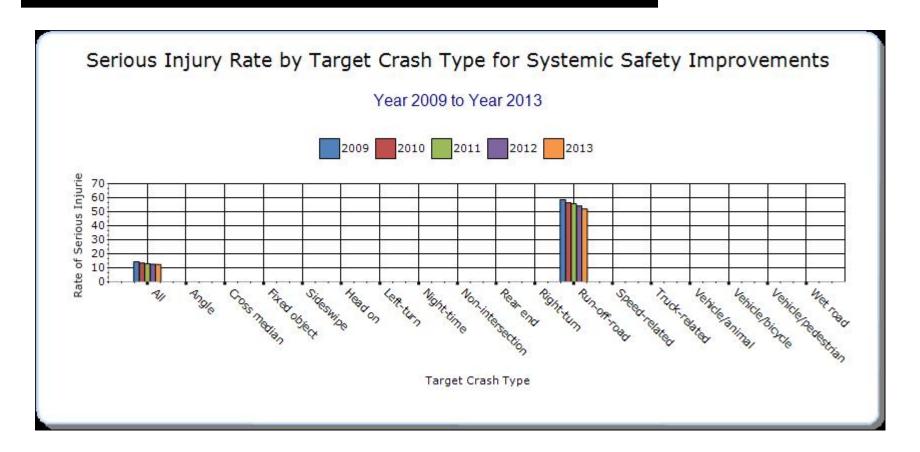
Year - 2013

Systemic improvement	Target Crash Type	Number of fatalities	Number of serious injuries	Fatality rate (per HMVMT)	Serious injury rate (per HMVMT)	Other- 1	Other- 2	Other- 3
Install/Improve Signing- Intersections	All	146	5556	0.33	12.35	0	0	0
Install/Improve Pavement Marking and/or Delineation	Run-off- road	371	3909	0.82	8.69	0	0	0
Rumble Strips	Run-off- road	371	3909	0.82	8.69	0	0	0
Install/Improve Signing	Run-off- road	371	3909	0.82	8.69	0	0	0
Upgrade Guard Rails	Run-off- road	371	3909	0.82	8.69	0	0	0
Cable Median Barriers	Run-off- road	371	3909	0.82	8.69	0	0	0
Safety Edge	Run-off- road	371	3909	0.82	8.69	0	0	0









Describe any other aspects of the overall Highway Safety Improvement Program effectiveness on which you would like to elaborate.

NA

Provide project evaluation data for completed projects (optional).

Location	Functional	Improvement	Improvement	Bef-	Bef-	Bef-	Bef-	Bef-	Aft-	Aft-	Aft-	Aft-	Aft-	Evaluation
	Class	Category	Туре	Fatal	Serious	Other	PDO	Total	Fatal	Serious	Other	PDO	Total	Results
					Injury	Injury				Injury	Injury			(Benefit/
														Cost Ratio)
None														

Optional Attachments

Sections Files Attached

Glossary

5 year rolling average means the average of five individual, consecutive annual points of data (e.g. annual fatality rate).

Emphasis area means a highway safety priority in a State's SHSP, identified through a data-driven, collaborative process.

Highway safety improvement project means strategies, activities and projects on a public road that are consistent with a State strategic highway safety plan and corrects or improves a hazardous road location or feature or addresses a highway safety problem.

HMVMT means hundred million vehicle miles traveled.

Non-infrastructure projects are projects that do not result in construction. Examples of non-infrastructure projects include road safety audits, transportation safety planning activities, improvements in the collection and analysis of data, education and outreach, and enforcement activities.

Older driver special rule applies if traffic fatalities and serious injuries per capita for drivers and pedestrians over the age of 65 in a State increases during the most recent 2-year period for which data are available, as defined in the Older Driver and Pedestrian Special Rule Interim Guidance dated February 13, 2013.

Performance measure means indicators that enable decision-makers and other stakeholders to monitor changes in system condition and performance against established visions, goals, and objectives.

Programmed funds mean those funds that have been programmed in the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) to be expended on highway safety improvement projects.

Roadway Functional Classification means the process by which streets and highways are grouped into classes, or systems, according to the character of service they are intended to provide.

Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) means a comprehensive, multi-disciplinary plan, based on safety data developed by a State Department of Transportation in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 148.

Systemic safety improvement means an improvement that is widely implemented based on high risk roadway features that are correlated with specific severe crash types.

Transfer means, in accordance with provisions of 23 U.S.C. 126, a State may transfer from an apportionment under section 104(b) not to exceed 50 percent of the amount apportioned for the fiscal year to any other apportionment of the State under that section.