

December 27, 2019

1200 New Jersey Ave., SE Washington, D.C. 20590

In Reply Refer To: HSST-1/WZ-384

Mr. Felipe Almanza TrafFix Devices Inc. 160 Avenida La Pata San Clemente California 92673

Dear Mr. Almanza:

This letter is in response to your March 28, 2019 request for the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) to review a roadside safety device, hardware, or system for eligibility for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program. This FHWA letter of eligibility is assigned FHWA control number WZ-384 and is valid until a subsequent letter is issued by FHWA that expressly references this device.

Decision

The following device is eligible within the length-of-need, with details provided in the form which is attached as an integral part of this letter:

• Little Buster Sign Stand w/Rigid Sign

Scope of this Letter

To be found eligible for Federal-aid funding, new roadside safety devices should meet the crash test and evaluation criteria contained in the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials' (AASHTO) Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). However, the FHWA, the Department of Transportation, and the United States Government do not regulate the manufacture of roadside safety devices. Eligibility for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program does not establish approval, certification or endorsement of the device for any particular purpose or use.

This letter is not a determination by the FHWA, the Department of Transportation, or the United States Government that a vehicle crash involving the device will result in any particular outcome, nor is it a guarantee of the in-service performance of this device. Proper manufacturing, installation, and maintenance are required in order for this device to function as tested.

This finding of eligibility is limited to the crashworthiness of the system and does not cover other structural features, nor conformity with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

Eligibility for Reimbursement

Based solely on a review of crash test results and certifications submitted by the manufacturer, and the crash test laboratory, FHWA agrees that the device described herein meets the crash test and evaluation criteria of the AASHTO's MASH. Therefore, the device is eligible for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program if installed under the range of tested conditions.

Name of system: Little Buster Sign Stand w/Rigid Sign

Type of system: Work Zone

Test Level: MASH Test Level 3 (TL3)

Testing conducted by: KARCO Date of request: March 28, 2019

FHWA concurs with the recommendation of the accredited crash testing laboratory per the attached form for the above device using a 48" x 48" aluminum sign.

Full Description of the Eligible Device

The device and supporting documentation, including reports of the crash tests or other testing done, videos of any crash testing, and/or drawings of the device, are described in the attached form.

Notice

This eligibility letter is issued for the subject device as tested. Modifications made to the device are not covered by this letter. Any modifications to this device should be submitted to the user (i.e., state DOT) as per their requirements.

You are expected to supply potential users with sufficient information on design, installation and maintenance requirements to ensure proper performance.

You are expected to certify to potential users that the hardware furnished has the same chemistry, mechanical properties, and geometry as that submitted for review, and that it will meet the test and evaluation criteria of AASHTO's MASH.

Issuance of this letter does not convey property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege. This letter is based on the premise that information and reports submitted by you are accurate and correct. We reserve the right to modify or revoke this letter if: (1) there are any inaccuracies in the information submitted in support of your request for this letter, (2) the qualification testing was flawed, (3) in-service performance or other information reveals safety problems, (4) the system is significantly different from the version that was crash tested, or (5) any other information indicates that the letter was issued in error or otherwise does not reflect full and complete information about the crashworthiness of the system.

Standard Provisions

Standard Provisions

- To prevent misunderstanding by others, this letter of eligibility designated as FHWA
 control number WZ-384 shall not be reproduced except in full. This letter and the test
 documentation upon which it is based are public information. All such letters and
 documentation may be reviewed upon request.
- This letter shall not be construed as authorization or consent by the FHWA to use, manufacture, or sell any patented system for which the applicant is not the patent holder.
- This FHWA eligibility letter is not an expression of any Agency view, position, or determination of validity, scope, or ownership of any intellectual property rights to a specific device or design. Further, this letter does not impute any distribution or licensing rights to the requester. This FHWA eligibility letter determination is made based solely on the crash-testing information submitted by the requester. The FHWA reserves the right to review and revoke an earlier eligibility determination after receipt of subsequent information related to crash testing.

Sincerely,

Michael S. Griffith

Director, Office of Safety Technologies

Michael & Triffell

Office of Safety

Enclosures

Request for Federal Aid Reimbursement Eligibility of Highway Safety Hardware

	Date of Request:	March 19, 2019	Nev	w (Resubmi	ssion
	Name:	Robert Ramirez			
ter	Company:	TrafFix Devices, Inc.			
Submitter	Address:	160 Ave La Pata, San Clemente, CA 92	673		
Suk	Country:	United States			
	To:	Michael S. Griffith, Director FHWA, Office of Safety Technologies			

I request the following devices be considered eligible for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program.

Device & Testing Criterion - Enter from right to left starting with Test Level

1-1-1

System Type	Submission Type	Device Name / Variant	Testing Criterion	Test Level
'WZ': Crash Worthy Work Zone Traffic Control Devices	Physical Crash TestingEngineering Analysis	Little Buster Sign Stand w/ Rigid Sign	AASHTO MASH	TL3

By submitting this request for review and evaluation by the Federal Highway Administration, I certify that the product(s) was (were) tested in conformity with the AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware and that the evaluation results meet the appropriate evaluation criteria in the MASH.

Individual or Organization responsible for the product:

Contact Name:	Robert Ramirez	Same as Submitter 🔀
Company Name:	TrafFix Devices, Inc.	Same as Submitter 🔀
Address:	160 Ave La Pata, San Clemente, CA 92673	Same as Submitter 🔀
Country:	United States	Same as Submitter 🔀

Enter below all disclosures of financial interests as required by the FHWA `Federal-Aid Reimbursement Eligibility Process for Safety Hardware Devices' document.

TrafFix Devices Inc. and Applus IDIADA Karco Engineering LLC share no financial interests between the two organizations. This includes no shared financial interest but not limited to:

- i. Compensation including wages, salaries, commissions, professional fees, or fees for business referrals
- iii. Research funding or other forms of research support;
- iv. Patents, copyrights, licenses, and other intellectual property interests;
- vi. Business ownership and investment interests;

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

New Hardware or Significant Modification	Modification to Existing Hardware	
components: one steel base assibracket, one safe sleeve, and on The steel base consists of a dual form an X-footprint that has ove The inner mast telescopes throubutton.	spring assembly at the base of the outer mast. When overall dimensions of 38.50 in. [978 mm] x 79.50 in. [2019 ligh the outer mast and locks into place when fully exte	ig mast, one rigid sign deployed, the steel legs mm]. ended using a push
	afe sleeve are designed to hold the aluminum sign in p sign bracket to provide clearance for the sign to be lift	
The Little Buster Sign Stand can on a concrete surface. The Little these tests.	be used on concrete, asphalt, gravel, or dirt surfaces. T Buster Sign Stand can be used with or without flags. F	lags were installed for
mm] x 79.50 in. [2019 mm] x 92.	ttle Buster Sign Stand without optional warning flags i 0 in. [2336 mm]. Sand bags can be placed on the legs a ttle Buster Stand, described above, is based on the pre- Sign Stand (Reference WZ-206).	is needed for ballast.
	CRASH TESTING	
all of the critical and relevant cra	r affiliated with the testing laboratory, agrees in suppo ish tests for this device listed above were conducted to mined that no other crash tests are necessary to detern	meet the MASH test
Engineer Name:	Steven Matsusaka	
Engineer Signature:	Steven Matsusaka Digitally signed by Steven Matsusaka Ou, email-Steven Matsusak Ou, email-Steven Matsusak Ou, email-Steven Matsusak	a, o=Applus IDIADA KARCO Engineering, LLC aka@idiada.com, c=US
Address:	9270 Holly Rd, Adelanto, CA 92301	Same as Submitter
Country:	United States of America	Same as Submitter

A brief description of each crash test and its result:

Required Test	Narrative	Evaluation
Number	Description	Results
3-70 (1100C)	Designed to evaluate the ability of a small car to activate any breakaway, fracture or yielding mechanism. Test 3-70 is considered optional for work-zone traffic control devices weighing less than 220 lbs (100 kg). The as-tested Little Buster weighted approximately 36 lbs (16 kg) therefore the test was non-relevant and was not conducted.	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted

		Page 3 of 5
Required Test	Narrative	Evaluation
Number	Description	Results
	For this test, two Little Buster Sign Stands	
	were impacted. The first test article was	
	aligned at 90° and the second test article	
	was aligned at 0° to the impacting vehicle's	
	direction of travel. This test is intended to	
	evaluate the sign stand's behavior when	
	impacted by an 1100C test vehicle. The	
	primary evaluation is based on intrusion	
	into the occupant compartment, windshield	
	damage, and vehicle stability. The initial test	
	was conducted on November 21, 2017	
	however the first device interfered with the	
	second device resulting in a re-test of the	
	second device oriented at 0° on December	
	11, 2017. The front bumper and windshield	
	were replaced after the first test. According	
	to MASH lightweight devices under 220 lbs	
	(100 kg), such as the Little Buster cannot	
	cause sufficient velocity change that would	
	result in exceeding occupant risk criteria	
	limits. The as-tested devices weighed	
	approximately 36 lbs (16 kg), therefore Test	
	3-71 was conducted without	
	instrumentation for evaluating occupant	
	risk values. The test was conducted using a commercially available 2014 Hyundai	
	Accent 4 door sedan with a test inertial	
3-71 (1100C)	mass of 2,388.7 lbs. (1,083.5 kg). The test	PASS
	vehicle impacted the first sign stand	
	(oriented at 90°) at a velocity of 62.14 mph	
	(100.00 km/h). Upon impact the aluminum	
	sign rotated about the front end of the	
	vehicle and the bottom corner of the sign	
	released from its bracket. The re-test of the	
	second device (oriented at 0°) used the	
	same commercially available 2014 Hyundai	
	Accent 4 door sedan with a test inertia mass	
	of 2,388.7 lbs. (1,083.5 kg). The test vehicle	
	impacted the sign stand at a velocity of	
	63.84 mph (102.74 km/h). Upon impact the	
	mast separated at the telescoping joint. The	
	mast and other accessories rotated over the	
	top of the vehicle. The vehicle's occupant	
	compartment was not penetrated by the	
	test articles and the intrusion limits did not	
	exceed the allowable limits in MASH. Debris	
	from the test articles did not block the	
	driver's vision. The vehicle remained upright	
	and the roll angle did not exceed 75°. The	
	vehicle cleared both devices in a controlled	
	and stable manner. The Little Buster Sign	
	Stand met all the requirements for MASH	
	Test 3-71.	

For this test, two Little Buster Sign Stands were impacted. The first test article was aligned at 90° and the second test article was aligned at 0° to the impacting vehicle's direction of travel. This test is intended to evaluate the sign stand's behavior when impacted by a 2270P test vehicle. The primary evaluation is based on intrusion into the occupant compartment, windshield damage, and vehicle stability. According to MASH lightweight devices under 220 lbs (100 kg), such as the Little Buster Sign Stand cannot cause sufficient velocity change that would result in exceeding occupant risk criteria limits. The as-tested devices weighed approximately 36 lbs (16 kg), therefore Test 3-72 was conducted without instrumentation for evaluating occupant risk values. The test was conducted using a commercially available 2011 RAM 1500 4 door pickup with a test inertia mass of 3-72 (2270P) 5,002.2 lbs. (2,269.0 kg). The test vehicle **PASS** impacted the first sign stand (oriented at 90°) at a velocity of 61.97 mph (99.73 km/h). Upon impact the mast separated at its connection point to the base. The aluminum sign and top bracket rotated over the top of the vehicle and did not contact the windshield. The test vehicle continued along its path and impacted the second sign stand (oriented at 0°) at a velocity of 60.68 mph (97.65 km/h). Upon impact the vertical mast separated at its telescoping joint. The vehicle's occupant compartment was not penetrated by the test articles and there was negligible in cab deformation. Debris from the test articles did not block the driver's vision. The vehicle remained upright and the roll angle did not exceed 75°. The vehicle cleared both devices in a controlled and stable manner. The Little Buster Sign Stand met all the requirements for MASH

Full Scale Crash Testing was done in compliance with MASH by the following accredited crash test laboratory (cite the laboratory's accreditation status as noted in the crash test reports.):

Test 3-72.

Laboratory Name:	Applus IDIADA KARCO Engineering, LLC			
Laboratory Signature:	Steven Matsusaka Digitally signed by Steven DN: cn=Steven Matsusaka Polic m=Steven Matsusaka email=Steven Matsusaka Date: 201903.28 18:15:33		a, o=Applus IDIADA KARCO Engineering, LLC., ou, @idiada.com, c=US	
Address:	9270 Holly Rd, Adelanto, CA 92301		Same as Submitter	
Country:	United States of America		Same as Submitter	
Accreditation Certificate				
Number and Dates of current	TL-371, September 14, 2018 - July 1, 2019			
Accreditation period :				

Submitter Signature*: Robert Ramirez Digitally signed by Robert Ramirez Date: 2019;03:29 09:11:21 - 07:00

Su	hmit	Form	V 3.75
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ATTACHMENTS

Attach to this form:

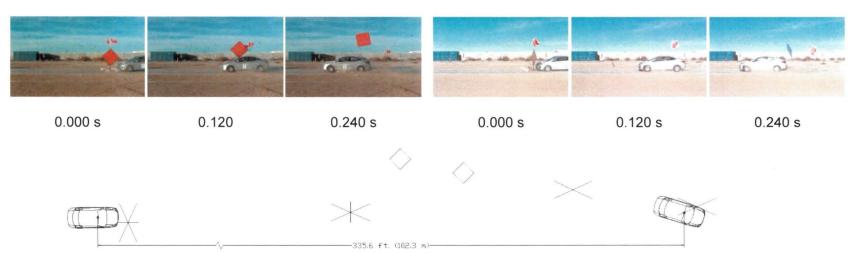
- 1) Additional disclosures of related financial interest as indicated above.
- 2) A copy of the full test report, video, and a Test Data Summary Sheet for each test conducted in support of this request.
- 3) A drawing or drawings of the device(s) that conform to the Task Force-13 Drawing Specifications [Hardware Guide Drawing Standards]. For proprietary products, a single isometric line drawing is usually acceptable to illustrate the product, with detailed specifications, intended use, and contact information provided on the reverse. Additional drawings (not in TF-13 format) showing details that are relevant to understanding the dimensions and performance of the device should also be submitted to facilitate our review.

FHWA Official Business Only:

Eligibility Letter			
Number	Date	Key Words	

MASH 2016 Test 3-71 Summary

90° CIA 0° CIA



Test Agency	. KARCO Engineering, LLC.
KARCO Test No	P37343-01
Test Designation	3-71
Test Date	. 11/21/17

TEST ARTICLE

_	<u> </u>	
	Name / Model	Little Buster
	Type	Work Zone Device
	Device Height	7.7 ft. (2.3 m)
	Key Elements	0.080" Aluminum Substrate
	Road Surface	Concrete

TEST VEHICLE

Type / Designation	1100C
Year, Make, and Model	2014 Hyundai Accent
Curb Mass	2,466.9 lbs (1,119.0 kg)
Test Inertial Mass	
Gross Static Mass	2.536.4 lbs (1.150.5 kg)

Figure 2 Summary of Test 3-71

<u>Ir</u>	npact Conditions
	Impact Velocity Device 1 62.14 mph (100.00 km/h)
	Impact Velocity Device 2 63.84 mph (102.74 km/h)
	Device 1 Angle 90°
	Device 2 Angle 0°
	Device 1 Kinetic Energy 308.3 kip-ft (418.0 kJ)
	Device 2 Kinetic Energy 325.4 kip-ft (441.2 kJ)
E	xit Conditions
	Device 1 Exit Velocity 59.6 mph (96.0 km/h)
	Device 2 Exit Velocity 61.6 mph (99.1 km/h)
	Vehicle Resting Position 335.6 ft. (102.3 m) Downstream
	1.2 ft. (0.4 m) Left
	Vehicle Stability Satisfactory
	Maximum Roll Angle N/A*
	Maximum Pitch Angle N/A*
	Maximum Yaw Angle N/A*

Occupant Risk*	
Longitudinal OIV	N/A
Lateral OIV	N/A
Longitudinal RA	N/A
Lateral RA	N/A
THIV	N/A
PHD	N/A
ASI	N/A
Test Article Deflections	
Debris Field (longitudinal)	314.5 ft. (95.9 m)
Debris Field (lateral)	
	,
Vehicle Damage	
Vehicle Damage Scale	12FD1
CDC	12FDAW1
Maximum Intrusion	2.0 in. (51 mm)

^{*} Not Applicable, device weighs less than 220 lbs (100 kg)

MASH 2016 Test 3-72 Summary

90° CIA

0° CIA





GENERAL INFORMATION

TEST ARTICLE

TEST VEHICLE

Figure 2 Summary of Test 3-72

mpact	C	0	n	ıdi	tior	IS
-	1.7	21	_	12	470	_

Impact Velocity Device 1..... 61.97 mph (99.73 km/h) Impact Velocity Device 2..... 60.68 mph (97.65 km/h) Device 1 Angle............. 90°

Device 2 Angle...... 0°

Device 1 Kinetic Energy..... 642.2 kip-ft (870.7 kJ) Device 2 Kinetic Energy..... 615.7 kip-ft (834.7 kJ)

Exit Conditions

Device 1 Exit Velocity........61.2 mph (98.4 km/h)
Device 2 Exit Velocity.......59.5 mph (95.7 km/h)
Vehicle Resting Position.....333.7 ft. (101.7 m) Downstream

0.7 ft. (0.2 m) Right

Vehicle Stability Satisfactory

Maximum Roll Angle....... N/A*
Maximum Pitch Angle...... N/A*
Maximum Yaw Angle...... N/A*

Occupant Risk*

 Longitudinal OIV
 N/A

 Lateral OIV
 N/A

 Longitudinal RA
 N/A

 Lateral RA
 N/A

 THIV
 N/A

 PHD
 N/A

 ASI
 N/A

Test Article Deflections

Vehicle Damage

Vehicle Damage Scale	N/A	
CDC	N/A	
Maximum Intrusion	0.0 in	(0 mm)

^{*} Not Applicable, device weighs lass than 220 lbs (100 kg)

